#### **Applied Data Analytics**

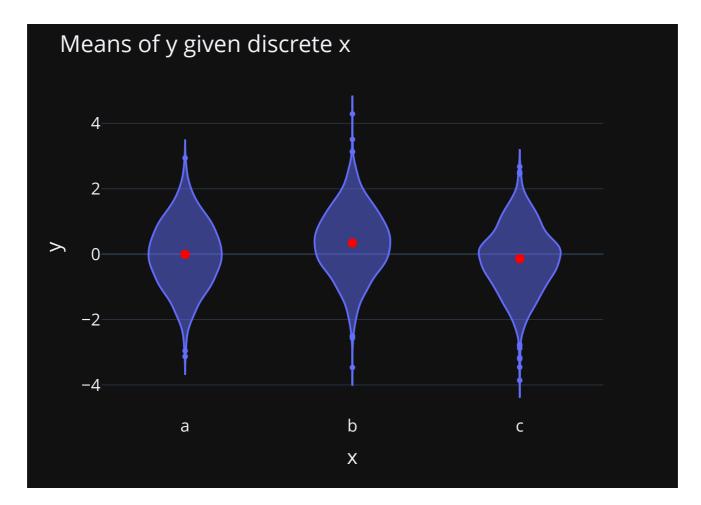
### Statistics — Measures for bivariate data

#### **Regression methods: Intuition**

Hans-Martin von Gaudecker and Aapo Stenhammar

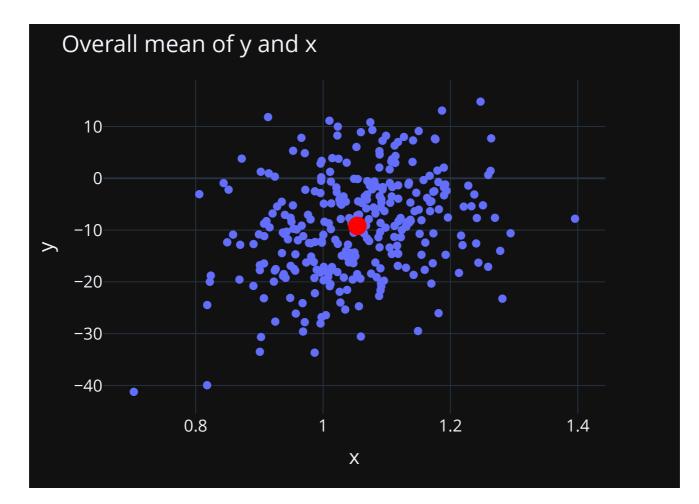
## **Conditional mean function**

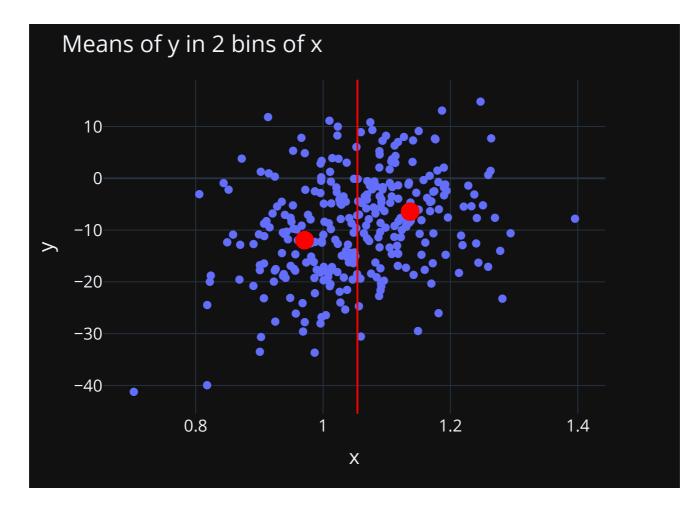
- Given that I know X, what is the mean value of Y?
- We saw this for X discrete and measured Y (GDP per capita for different countries)
- Now look  $ar{Y}|X=x$ 
  - Discrete X: df.groupby("x").mean()["y"]

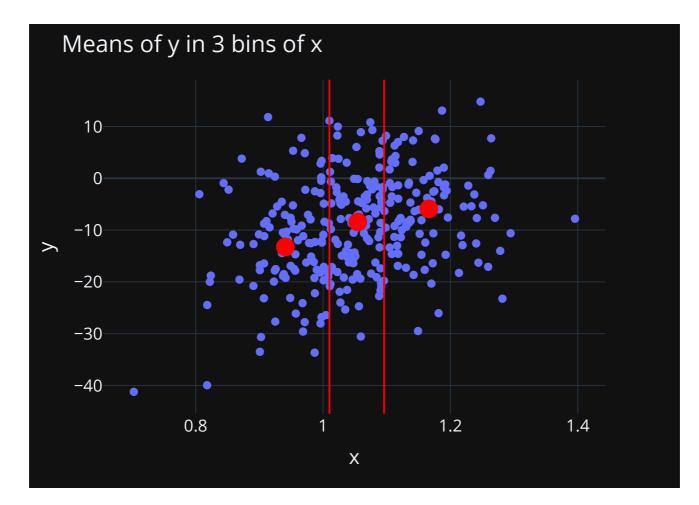


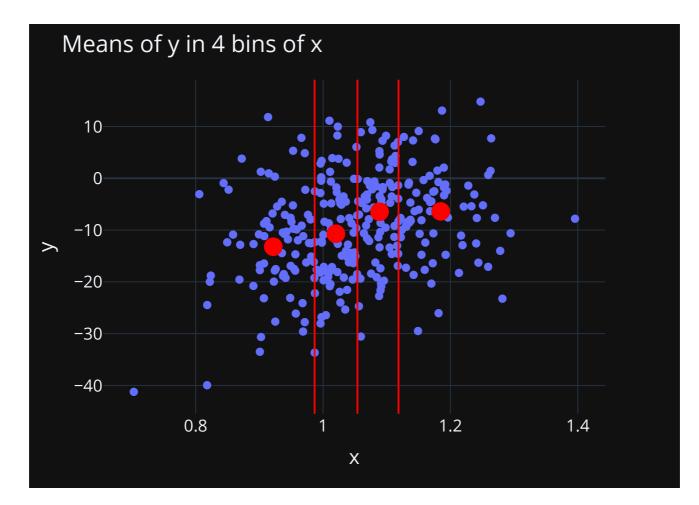
# **Conditional mean function**

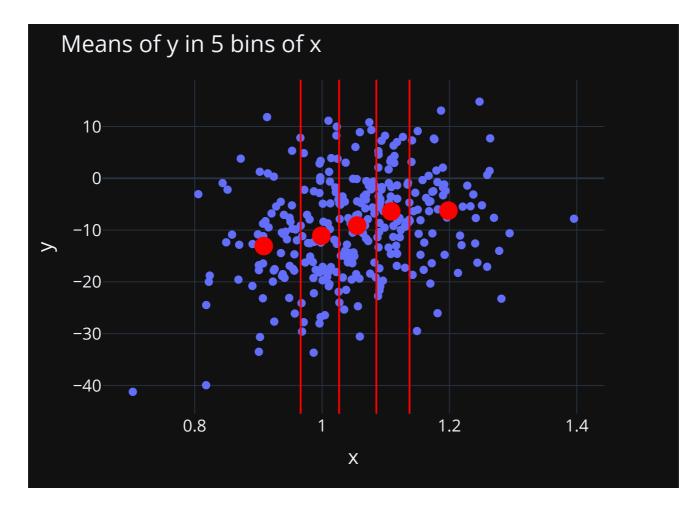
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  - Discrete X: df.groupby("x").mean()["y"]
  - Continuous X: Bin the data and calculate the mean for each bin

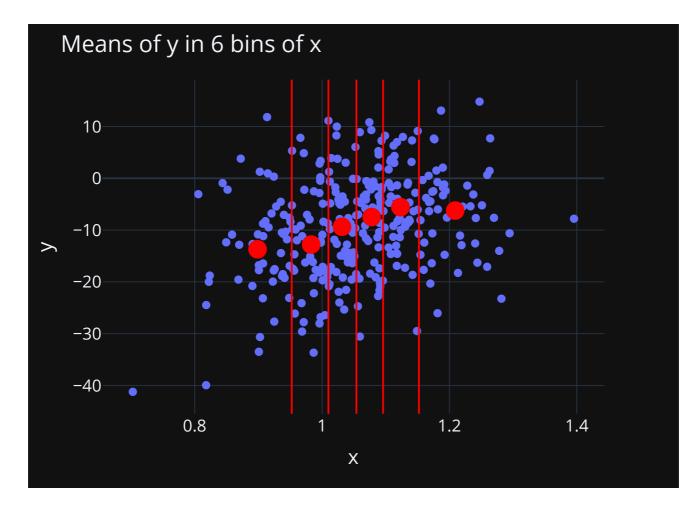












# Continuous X, alternative

- Assume a functional form for the relationship between X and Y
- Linear relationship:  $Y_i = eta_0 + eta_1 \cdot X_i + U_i$

• 
$$ar{Y}|X=x$$
 becomes  $eta_0+eta_1\cdot x$ 

